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# Backgrounder on Glock 19 Pistol and Ammunition Magazines Used in Attack on Representative Gabrielle Giffords and Others

"[C]omparable in size and weight to the small .38 revolvers it has replaced, the... Glock 19 is significantly more powerful with greater firepower and is much easier to shoot fast and true."

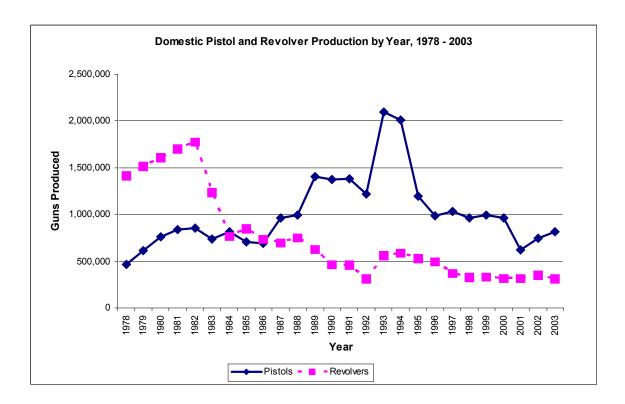
- Glock Catalog

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### Introduction

The high-capacity Glock 19 pistol equipped with a 33-round magazine used in the alleged assassination attempt by Jared Loughner of Representative Gabrielle Giffords (D-AZ) that resulted in six deaths (including U.S. federal judge John M. Roll, and nine-year-old Christina-Taylor Green) and wounded 14 (including Representative Giffords), stands as a stark example of the trend toward increased lethality that defines today's gun industry. Since the mid-1980s, the gun industry has embraced increased firepower and capacity to resell the shrinking base of gun buyers in America. In the 1980s, a very significant shift in gun design and marketing occurred: high-capacity semiautomatic pistols became the dominant product line. Formerly, the most popular handgun design was the revolver, most often containing six shots. In 1980, semiautomatic pistols accounted for only 32 percent of the 2.3 million handguns produced in America. The majority were revolvers. By 1991 this number had reversed itself with semiautomatic pistols accounting for 74 percent of the 1.8 million handguns produced that year.



According to data from the National Opinion Research Center (NORC) at the University of Chicago, during the period 1972 to 2006 the percentage of American households that reported having any guns in the home dropped nearly 20 percentage points: from a high of 54 percent in 1977 to 34.5 percent in 2006. The NORC data also shows that during the period 1980 to 2006, the percentage of Americans who reported personally owning a gun dropped more than nine percentage points: from a high of 30.7 percent in 1985 to a low during the survey period of 21.6 percent in 2006. For more information, see the Violence Policy Center analysis *A Shrinking Minority: The Continuing Decline of Gun Ownership in America* (http://www.vpc.org/studies/gunownership.pdf).

## U.S. Pistol and Revolver Production, 1978 to 2008

Year	Pistols	Revolvers
1978	463,426	1,413,651
1979	609,635	1,514,645
1980	764,451	1,605,192
1981	835,167	1,702,062
1982	853,444	1,775,179
1983	733,814	1,233,022
1984	814,234	766,317
1985	706,542	843,529
1986	692,977	734,650
1987	963,562	695,270
1988	991,011	754,711
1989	1,402,660	628,765
1990	1,376,399	462,496
1991	1,381,325	456,941
1992	1,216,174	309,044
1993	2,093,186	562,292
1994	2,014,336	586,450
1995	1,195,266	527,664
1996	985,533	498,944
1997	1,036,077	370,428
1998	960,365	324,390
1999	995,446	335,784
2000	962,901	318,960
2001	623,070	320,143
2002	741,514	347,070
2003	811,660	309,364
2004	728,511	294,099
2005	815,475	275,323
2006	1,021,260	382,069
2007	1,216,479	391,334
2008	1,387,129	431,753
Total	31,393,029	21,171,541

Semiautomatic pistols fire one round of ammunition for each trigger pull. (Highly regulated fully automatic machine guns that fire continuously with one trigger pull are generally unavailable to the general public.)

The dominance of the semiautomatic pistol greatly increased the firepower in civilian hands. Not only are semiautomatic pistols capable of rapid fire, they utilize high-capacity magazines and can be quickly reloaded. The combination of these features makes semiautomatic pistols efficient killing machines. As catalog copy for the Glock 19 states, "comparable in size and weight to the small .38 revolvers it has replaced, the...Glock 19 is significantly more powerful with greater firepower and is much easier to shoot fast and true."

Pistol Production By Caliber, 1979 to 2008

Year	To .22	To .25	To .32	To .380	To 9mm	To .50	Total
1979	191,925	179,668	2,283	48,518	63,353	123,888	609,635
1980	252,711	283,380	5,550	58,518	71,764	92,528	764,451
1981	259,794	317,251	5,006	83,782	76,836	92,498	835,167
1982	232,016	340,263	6,403	73,597	85,743	115,422	853,444
1983	262,152	286,129	6,757	55,039	65,167	58,570	733,814
1984	258,987	280,271	71,983	69,375	58,224	75,394	814,234
1985	284,072	198,719	22,527	61,660	55,252	84,312	706,542
1986	278,611	167,314	28,670	62,338	64,361	91,683	692,977
1987	353,257	228,834	88,549	57,198	108,238	127,486	963,562
1988	308,072	219,155	67,354	74,300	183,459	138,671	991,011
1989	396,478	260,222	67,775	106,620	407,873	163,692	1,402,660
1990	357,711	238,062	56,297	172,051	348,679	203,599	1,376,399
1991	306,092	252,314	55,043	213,599	361,455	192,822	1,381,325
1992	269,299	253,730	50,220	341,485	229,157	72,283	1,216,174
1993	452,509	277,306	52,268	508,469	586,039	216,595	2,093,186
1994	449,237	110,732	25,972	313,915	750,698	344,957	1,995,511
1995	260,059	51,025	19,220	182,802	398,467	283,693	1,195,266
1996	204,819	41,156	20,709	165,789	319,696	233,364	985,533
1997	250,983	43,103	43,623	154,046	303,212	241,110	1,036,077
1998	184,836	50,936	62,338	98,266	284,374	279,615	960,365
1999	229,852	24,393	52,632	81,881	270,298	336,390	995,446
2000	184,577	23,198	60,527	108,523	277,176	308,900	962,901
2001	123,374	5,697	57,823	41,634	213,378	181,164	623,070
2002	144,722	10,009	53,999	59,476	205,197	268,111	741,514
2003	189,785	10,987	43,471	79,788	219,668	267,961	811,660
2004	211,473	10,140	32,435	68,291	182,493	223,679	728,511
2005	134,193	7,460	28,711	87,115	263,673	294,323	815,475
2006	141,651	9,625	39,197	126,939	352,383	351,465	1,021,260
2007	180,216	11,309	43,905	138,484	390,380	452,185	1,216,479
2008	195,633	14,454	40,485	278,945	421,746	435,866	1,387,129
Total:	7,549,096	4,206,842	1,211,732	3,972,443	7,618,439	6,352,226_	30,910,778

Since 1979, 7,618,439 9mm pistols have been produced in the United States, making the 9mm the most popular pistol caliber produced in America during this period.

According to news reports, when Jared Loughner stopped to reload, Patricia Maisch—who had been waiting to have her picture taken with Representative Giffords—began wrestling an ammunition magazine from the shooter, preventing him from reloading, stopping the attack, and allowing the shooter to be pinned to the ground.

High-capacity semiautomatic pistols are the weapon of choice in many mass shootings. For example, in the April 2007 Virginia Tech shooting in which Seung-Hui Cho claimed 32 lives before taking his own, Cho was also armed with a high-capacity Glock 19 pistol.

### Attachment One: Catalog Copy for the Glock 19



Source: Glock Annual 2010

### Attachment Two: Advertisements for High-Capacity Magazines for Glock 19







	GLOCK MAGS
	EW Factory Glock 17, 9mm, 17 round
	EW Factory Glock 18, 9mm, 33 round
N	EW Factory Glock 19, 9mm, 15 round
	EW Factory Glock 19 Ambi style, 9mm, 15 round 4-662 \$29.9!
N	EW Factory Glock 20, 10mm, 15 round
N	EW Factory Glock 21, .45 ACP, 13 round 4-658 \$29.9
N	EW Factory Glock 22, .40 S&W, 15 round
N	EW Factory Glock 23 Ambi Style, .40 S&W, 13 round. 4-663 \$29.9
N	EW Factory Glock 26, 9mm, 10 round
N	EW Factory Glock 27, .40 S&W, 9 round
	EW Factory Glock 27 Ambi Style, .40 S&W, 9 round . 4-682 \$29.9
Nin	<b>IEW Glock 9mm 33 Round Mag,</b> Imported by ATI, works great any 9mm Glock, fits new or older model frames 4-686 <b>\$32.9</b>
	EW! Pack of 2 Glock Mags with Pouch
TV	vo new steel lined mags by KCI with mag pouch.  lock 17 Pack 9mm 17 round 4-654 \$29.95
	lock 19 Pack 9mm 15 round 4-655 \$29.95

Source: Shotgun News, September 1, 2010

# Attachment Three: Background on Glock's History from the book *Making a Killing:*The Business of Guns in America

Gaston Glock never made a gun before the mid-1980s. He began his career as an engineer, and in 1963 formed the company of Glock Ges.m.b.H in his hometown of Deutch-Wagram, near Vienna. The company started out making doorknobs and hinges, then moved into military and police hardware (grenades, entrenching tools, etc.), combining high quality synthetic materials and special steels. In 1980, the Austrian Army announced a competition for a new standard sidearm. Gaston Glock assembled a panel of experts and produced a prototype Glock Model 17 9-mm pistol, a distinctive combination of "polymers" (also known to most of us as "plastic") and steel. That pistol won the Austrian Army competition in 1982, and Glock was airborne on the wings of the ensuing contract. 28

Gaston Glock soon turned his eyes to the United States, opened Glock, Inc., "the company's United States beachhead" in the Atlanta, Georgia, suburb of Smyrna, and went after the American law enforcement market.<sup>29</sup>

Glock's pursuit of U.S. law enforcement agencies was central to its deliberate strategy first to gain the prestige of such sales, and then to use them in its marketing campaign to sell to civilians. "It was a conscious decision to go after the law enforcement market first," Gaston Glock said. "In marketing terms, we assumed that, by pursuing the law enforcement market, we would then receive the benefit of 'after sales' in the commercial market." 30

The strategy worked so well that by 1995 the company was downplaying advertising and was chronically back-ordered.<sup>31</sup> According to the company, in that year there were half a million Glock pistols in use throughout North America (meaning mostly in the United States). Twenty thousand of these were issued by law enforcement agencies—eighty percent of Glock, Inc.'s production was going to civilians and twenty percent to law enforcement.<sup>31</sup>

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Glock's rise to a commanding position in the foreign handgun import market can be seen clearly in the Austrian handgun import data, starting in 1983, two years before Glock established its "beachhead" in the United States. (See Table 11).

Table 11.

Handgun Imports from Austria to the U.S., 1983 - 1996

Year	Handguns From Austria	Austrian Share of Handgun Imports
1983	668	1%
1984	2,291	1%
1985	3,769	1%
1986	21,118	4%
1987	13,500	3%
1988	37,750	6%
1989	96,621	15%
1990	120,277	18%
1991	115,430	18%
1992	164,034	16%
1993	184,283	16%
1994	209,820	15%
1995	202,259	23%
1996	213,837	30%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Foreign Trade Division

As will be seen, Glock's rise has been accompanied by controversy, including allegations that its guns are unsafe and its marketing practices to law enforcement too aggressive.

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